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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR David B. MacLean		
09/940,165	08/27/2001		ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
			PC10616ATMC	4378
7590 06/22/2004			EXAMINER	
Gregg C. Benson Pfizer Inc.			HUI, SAN MING R	
Patent Department, MS 4159			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Eastern Point Road Groton, CT 06340			1617	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/940,165	MACLEAN, DAVID B.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	San-ming Hui	1617
The MAILING DATE of this communication a Period for Reply	ppears on the cover sheet w	ith the correspondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory perio - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mail earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	I. 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a interpretation of the statutory minimum of third will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON the course the second state.	reply be timely filed ty (30) days will be considered timely. ITHS from the mailing date of this communication.
Status		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 25	<u>March</u> 2004.	
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠ Th	is action is non-final.	
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under	ance except for formal matt Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D	ers, prosecution as to the merits is . 11, 453 O.G. 213.
Disposition of Claims		
4) Claim(s) 1-30 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) 15,16 and 27-30 is/a 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-14 and 17-26 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/a Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	are withdrawn from conside or election requirement.	
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc	cepted or b) objected to b	y the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	drawing(s) be held in abeyand	e. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	kaminer. Note the attached	f) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). Office Action or form PTO-152
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		5 mod / total of form 1 7 G-102.
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority document application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Apprity documents have been reports in Port Rule 17.2(a)).	plication No eceived in this National Stage
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 12-16-02, 12-3-01.	4) Interview Sur Paper No(s)// 5) Notice of Info 6) Other:	Mail Date rmal Patent Application (PTO-152)

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

Applicant's election of the invention of Group I, claims 1-26 in the reply filed on March 25, 2004 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Applicant's election of the specie 2-amino-N-[2-(3a-(R)-benzyl-2-methyl-3-oxo-2,3,3a,4,6,7-hexahydro-pyrazolo[4,3c]pyridine-5-yl)-1-(R)-benzyloxymethyl-2-oxo-ethyl]isobutyramide in the reply filed on March 25, 2004 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claims 27-30 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on March 25, 2004.

Claims 15-16 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on March 25, 2004.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

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The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-12, 17-18, and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, because the specification, while being enabling for specific disclosed growth hormone secretagogue (GHS) listed in page 10 of the instant specification, does not reasonably provide enablement for other GHSs. The specification does not enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to use the invention commensurate in scope with these claims. In the instant case, the specification fails to provide information that would allow the skilled artisan to practice the instant invention without undue experimentation. Attention is directed to *In re Wands*, 8 USPQ2d 1400 (CAFC 1988) at 1404 where the court set forth the eight factors to consider when assessing if a disclosure would have required undue experimentation. Citing *Ex parte Forman*, 230 USPQ 546 (BdApls 1986) at 547 the court recited eight factors:

- 1) the quantity of experimentation necessary,
- 2) the amount of direction or guidance provided,
- 3) the presence of absence of working examples,
- 4) the nature of the invention,
- 5) the state of the prior art,
- 6) the relative skill of those in the art
- 7) the predictability of the art, and
- 8) the breadth of the claims.

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Applicant fails to set forth the criteria that define a "growth hormone secretagogue". Additionally, Applicant fails to provide information allowing the skilled artisan to ascertain these compounds without undue experimentation. In the instant case, only a limited number of "growth hormone secretagogue" examples are set forth, thereby failing to provide sufficient working examples. It is noted that these examples are neither exhaustive, nor define the class of compounds required. The structural differences among the compounds are great. The only common properties among these compounds are their function as growth hormone secretagogue. The pharmaceutical art is unpredictable, requiring each embodiment to be individually assessed for physiological activity. The instant claims read on all "growth hormone secretagogue", necessitating an exhaustive search for the embodiments suitable to practice the claimed invention. Applicants fail to provide information sufficient to practice the claimed invention, absent undue experimentation.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

⁽a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* **v.** *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-14 and 17-26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Carpino'369 (WO97/24369 from the IDS filed December 3, 2001).

Carpino'369 teaches the elected compound as the preferred growth hormone secretagogues (See the abstract and claims 24-26, page 12, lines 20-25). Carpino'369 also teaches the compound can be administered in various dosage forms such as tablet and capsules, routes of administration such as oral, and different regimens such as in divided dosages (See page 31, line 10, also page 45, lines 9- page 46, line 18). Carpino'369 also teaches the effective dosage of the GHS compounds as 0.01-5mg/kg. Carpino'369 teaches the elected compound can be used to treat osteoporosis and strengthen bones (See particularly the abstract, page 29, lines 18-21).

Carpino'369 does not expressly teach the GHS compound to be administered intermittently, twice daily, three times daily, every two, three, four, or five days, three times, or four times weekly. Carpino'369 does not expressly teach the GHS compound to be administered as controlled and/or immediate

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release. Carpino'369 does not expressly teach the dosage of the GHS compound as 1-10mg daily.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to administer the elected GHS compound in the herein claimed dosage and regimen.

One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to administer the elected GHS compound in the herein claimed dosage and regimen. As anyone of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate, preferred dosages are merely exemplary and serve as useful guideposts for the physician. There are, however, many reasons for varying dosages, including by orders of magnitude; for instance, an extremely heavy patient or one having an unusually severe infection would require a correspondingly higher dosage. Furthermore, it is routine during animal and clinical studies to dramatically vary dosage to obtain data on parameters such as toxicity. Therefore, the optimization of result effect parameters (e.g., dosage range, dosing regimens) for achieving various therapeutic effects is obvious as being within the skill of the artisan.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to San-ming Hui whose telephone number is (571) 272-0626. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon 9:00 to 1:00, Tu - Fri from 9:00 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sreeni Padmanabhan, PhD., can be reached on (571)

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272-0629. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

San-ming Hui Patent Examiner Art Unit 1617